

## Solidification Products International

P.O. Box 35, 215 Village Street, Northford, CT 06472 Phone (203) 484-9494 Fax (203) 484-9492

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Material Safety Data Sheet	U.S. Department of Labor		
May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication	Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
Standard, 29 CFR 1910 1200. Standard must be consulted f			
specific requirements.	Form Approved OMB No. 1218-0072		
IDENTITY (as Used on Label and List)	Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not		
SPI WaterBond	applicable or no information is available, the space		
Section I	must be marked to indicate that.		
Manufacturer's name Solidification Products International	Emergency Telephone Number		
Sonumeation 1 roducts international	203-484-9494		
Address (Number, Street, City, State and ZIP Code) PO Roy 35	Telephone Number for Information 203-484-9494		
) 1.0. box 33			
215 Village Street	Date Prepared January 7, 2015		
Northford, CT 06472	Signature of Preparer (optional)		
Section II—Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information			
Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity, Common Name(s))	OSHA PEL ACGIH Recommended % (optional)		
Chemical Family: Copolymer of Sodium acryl	ate and acrylamide.		
Description: White, free flowing powder with little or no odor.			
This product is not hazardous as defined in 29CFR1910.1200			
1 ms product is not nazardous as defined in 290	A N1/10.1400		
Section III—Physical/Chemical Characteristics			
Boiling Point NA	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> 0 = 1) <b>0.8-1.0</b>		
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg) NA	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> 0 = 1) <b>0.6-1.0</b> Melting Point NA		
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Vapor Density (AIR = 1) NA	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) NA		
Solubility in Water Soluble			
Appearance and Odor White, free flowing powder with little or no odor			
Section IV—Fire and Explosion Hazard Data			
Flash Point (Method Used) NA	Flammable Limits LEL NA UEL NA		
	NA		
Extinguishing Media Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or	foam.		
Special Fire Fighting Procedures No special procedures. However, wetted product presents a slip hazard. Pedestrian and vehicular traffic must proceed with caution where wet product may exist.			
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Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards The Late 1989 1981	44		
	ntration can result in an explosive mixture in air.		
Handle to minimize dusting, and eliminate open	n Hame and other sources or ignition.		
Section V—Reactivity Data			
Stability Stable	Unstable NA Conditions to Avoid		
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)  Strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, enriched gaseous or liquid oxygen, and sodium or			
calcium hypochlorite.			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Thermal decomposition or combustion may produce oxides of carbon and nitrogen, various			
hydrocarbons, and/or ammonia			

Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur.	May Occur NA	Conditions to Avoid

## Section VI—Health Hazard Data

Nature of Principal Hazard(s): NA ( not a health hazard as defined by OSHA)

Target Organ(s): NA

Signs, Symptoms, and Effects of Exposure: Eye contact may product slight irritation and/or redness. Inhaled dust may cause some respiratory irritation.

Carcinogenicity: Not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH

Exposure Limits (as particulates not otherwise regulated): The OSHA 8-hour TWA for total dust is 15 mg/cu-meter (5 mg/cu-meter for the respirable fraction). The ACGIH TLV-TWA is 10/mg cu-meter.

Safety Precautions: Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Caution – slip hazard – see sections IV and/or VII.

First Aid:

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician

Ingestion: Consult a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Wash effected area with soap and water.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.

## Section VII—Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled

Product becomes slippery and difficult to handle when wet/ spills are best handled while still dry. Sweep up and collect dry product. Absorb wet product with vermiculite or other inert material. Then water wash area to waste treatment to eliminate slip hazard.

Waste Disposal Method

Disposal must be arranged in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. This material, when unadulterated, is not a RCRA regulated hazardous waste. However, local disposal regulations will often apply. Care must be taken to prevent environmental contamination from the disposal of material, residues and containers.

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing

## Section VII—Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) Use a NIOSH approved dust respirator if exposure exceeds TLV. Follow the ANSI Z88.2 standard.

Ventilation Local Exhaust

Mechanical (General) Provide mechanical ventilation to prevent dust concentrations, and to reduce potential exposure

Protective Gloves Not normally required Eye Protection Goggles (ANSI Z87.1 std; safety glasses alone do not protect from dust).

Work/Hygienic Practices

Good personal hygiene practices can reduce potential exposure. Wash with soap and water following any contact with this product, as well as before breaks and meals. Shower and Change clothing at end of work shift. If clothing becomes contaminated, remove and launder or dry-clean before re-use.